

BITS Pilani, Dubai Campus, Academic City, Dubai.

**Comprehensive Examination Question Paper**

IV Year II Semester 2011-2012

Degree: B.E.(Hons.) Branch: C.S./EEE/ECE

Course No : EA C473 Course Title: Multimedia Computing

Date: 14/04/2012 Thursday Time: 3 hours Total marks: 80

Weightage: 40% Data provided are complete. *Closed Book*

**This question paper has 2 pages.**

Answer all Questions.

1. What is Granularity of Logical Data Units ? Give an example. [2M]
2. Distinguish between Multimedia and Hypermedia. [2 M]
3. Distinguish between an AUDITORY DISPLAY and TACTILE DISPLAY. [2M]
4. How can you provide CONTEXT-SENSITIVE help functions in a multimedia user interface? [2 M]
5. Define the following characteristics of a Multimedia DBMS: [4 M]
  - a) View-Specific and Simultaneous Data Access.
  - b) Relational Consistency of Data Management.
  - c) Format-Independent Interface.
6. Mention the main areas of application of MPEG-2 and MPEG-4 standards. [4 M]
7. What is FULL Explicit Control in Animation ? Mention an example in this category. [4 M]
8. The following Table refers to JPEG QUANTIZATION STEP w.r.t. LUMINANCE data. Fill UP the last row entries in your answer sheet. [4 M]

DCT coefficients before quantization	192	100	84	40	80	100	120	140
Quantization table entries	4	10	4	8	5	20	3	2
DCT coefficients after quantization								

9. Draw the diagram corresponding to the VIDEO DATA STREAM in MPEG 1. [5M]

**P.T.O.**

10. Draw the **QUICKTIME Architecture** Diagram.

[5 M]

11. Explain in brief the following QOS parameters w.r.t. multimedia data transmission:

- Data Rate
- Latency
- Packet Loss or Error
- Jitter
- Sync Skew
- Best Effort Service Class

[6 M]

12. Explain the stages for developing a multimedia application using an Authoring System.

[10 M]

13. Write an algorithm (steps or pseudo code) for each of the following:

a) LZW Compression.

[10 M]

b) LZW Decompression.

14. Consider the transmission of a message comprising a string of characters. The probabilities of each character is given below:

$$p(\mathbf{E})=0.40 \quad p(\mathbf{H}) = 0.30 \quad p(\mathbf{N}) = 0.20 \quad p(\mathbf{W}) = 0.10$$

Using ARITHMETIC CODING,

a) **Encode** the string WHEN

b) **Decode** 0.6410 [into a 4 letter string]

[10 M]

15. The following character string is to be transmitted using HUFFMAN CODING:

**IMAGECOMPRESSIONSTANDARDMAINSTEPINIMAGECOMPRESSION**

*Construct* the HUFFMAN Coding Tree for the letters present in the above string and *determine* the number of bits required to code each letter.

[10 M]

BITS Pilani, Dubai Campus Academic City, Dubai.

IV Year SECOND SEMESTER 2011-2012

Degree: B.E. (Hons.) Branch: C.S. / EEE / ECE

**TEST II Question Paper**

Course No : EA C473 Course Title: Multimedia Computing

Date: 24, April., 2012 Tuesday Time: 50 min. Total marks: 20

Data provided are complete. **OPEN Book.**

Text Books / REFERENCE BOOK and Student's own handwritten class notes permitted.

This question paper has two pages.

Answer all Questions.

1. What is the need for PROFILES and LEVELS in MPEG-2 standard? [2 M]

2. Consider the transmission of a message comprising a string of characters. The probabilities of each character is given below:

$p(G)=0.35$   $p(I) = 0.25$   $p(N) = 0.25$   $p(S) = 0.15$

Using ARITHMETIC CODING,

a) Encode the string SIGN

b) Decode 0.7510 [into a 4 letter string]

[6 marks]

3. **Construct Table II** for dictionary-based LZW Compression Algorithm as shown below (algorithm need not be written; **only the table entries are to be filled for successive steps as necessary**).

Let the STRING TABLE (dictionary) initially contains only 2 characters with codes as shown in Table 1.

Table 1

Code	String
1	A
2	B

If the Input String is **BAAABBAAAABAAAAABBABAAA** write the output codes for this input string.

**TABLE II**

s	c	output	code	string
			1	A
			2	B
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...

(Draw this table with as many rows, as necessary)

6 M

P.T.O.

4. Find SSD & SAD [sum of squared differences & sum of absolute differences] and correlation for the following data pertaining to MPEG-1 P-Frames:

MATCH WINDOW [macro-block]				SEARCH WINDOW				
17	15	17	18		17	16	15	18
17	17	18	12		6	17	19	13
18	18	16	15		10	18	15	14
19	12	16	25		9	11	16	23

[2 + 1 M]

5. Mention 2 *practical applications* (i.e. 2 *real time examples*) for **each** of the following w.r.t. Synchronization in multimedia systems:

a) Content Relations    b) Temporal Relations. [2 M]

6. What is the advantage of OBJECT BASED CODING in MPEG-4 standard? [ 1 M]

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BITS Pilani, Dubai Campus, Academic City, Dubai.

IV Year II SEMESTER 2011-2012

Degree: B.E. (Hons.) Branch: C.S./ EEE / ECE

**TEST I Question Paper**

Course No : EA C473 Course Title: Multimedia Computing

Date: 06, March, 2012 Tuesday Time: 50 min. Total marks: 25

Data provided are complete. **Closed Book.**

This question paper has one page.

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Answer all Questions.

1. Draw the diagram for the following Chroma Subsampling Scheme

w.r.t. digital video: **4:2:0**

[ 3 M ]

2. Explain in brief, with an example, each of the following Transmission Modes w.r.t. Data Streams:

a) ASYNCHRONOUS TRANSMISSION MODE

b) SYNCHRONOUS TRANSMISSION MODE

c) ISOCHRONOUS TRANSMISSION MODE

[3 M]

3. Draw the diagram w.r.t. GRANULARITY of a motion picture sequence (assume uncompressed video sequence consisting of individual video clips for a scene). [3 M]

4. a) A photograph of (6 X 8 inches) is scanned in 300 dpi resolution and 24 bit color (i.e. resolution in bits/pixel). The image is then saved in a JPEG file with 1:20 compression ratio. It is then used on a web page. If a viewer connecting to internet uses a modem of transfer rate 1024 Kilobits / sec., how long will it take to download the compressed image to his/her computer?

[ 3 M ]

b) What is Symbolic Image Data Transmission?

[2 M]

5. Explain the functions performed by components of a MIDI Synthesizer device.

[5 M]

6. The following character string is to be transmitted using HUFFMAN CODING:

**SPECIFICATIONLAYERBEFOREPICTURECANBEPROSSESSEDDIGIT**

*Construct* the HUFFMAN Coding Tree for the letters present in the above string and *determine* the number of bits required to code each letter. [6 M]

BITS Pilani Dubai Campus, Academic City, Dubai.  
III Year Second Semester 2011-2012  
Degree: B.E. Hons. Branch: C.S.

**QUIZ II**

Course No : CS C352 Course Title: Data Base Systems

Date: 17/2/12 Tuesday Time: 20 min. Total marks: = 6

Weightage: 3% Venue : seating arrangement ***Closed Book.***

This question paper has 2 pages [use ***back page*** for ***rough work*** only]

Note: SQL assignment carries 4% weightage

**IDNO:**

**Name:**

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**SET A**

Write answers in the space provided in question paper. Answer all questions.

1. Define Rotational Latency w.r.t. hard disks. [1 M]

2. Distinguish between Primary Index and Secondary Index. [1.5 M]

BITS Pilani Dubai Campus, Academic City, Dubai.

III Year Second Semester 2011-2012

Degree: B.E. Hons. Branch: C.S.

QUIZ II

Course No : CS C352 Course Title: Data Base Systems

Date: 17/2/12 Tuesday Time: 20 min. Total marks: = 6

Weightage: 3% Venue : seating arrangement ***Closed Book.***

This question paper has 2 pages [use ***back page*** for ***rough work*** only]

Note: SQL assignment carries 4% weightage

**IDNO:**

**Name:**

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SET A

3. What is the difference between a B-Tree and B+ Tree? [1.5 M]
4. Consider a Disk Block whose size is 1024 bytes. The record consists of two fields IDNO (string 10 chrs ) and NAME (string 54 chrs). How many disk blocks are needed to store 18000 records? [2 M]