

**[Dubai International Academic City, Dubai
Third & Fourth Year – First Semester 2013 – 2014
MATH F231/MATH C231 – Number Theory
Comprehensive Examination**

**Date: 02.01.2014
Time: 3 hours**

**Max. Marks: 40
Weightage: 40%**

Q1a). Find the l.c.m and gcd of 3675, 4374, 18375, 74088.

b). How many modified perfect faro shuffles are needed to return the cards to their original position in a deck of 62 cards? [2+2]

Q2a). When n is divided by 8, the remainder is 5. What is the remainder of the division of $n^3 + 5n$ by 8?

b). How many incongruent solutions does $7x \equiv 5 \pmod{12}$ have? Find them. [2+2]

Q3a). Find the last two digits of the number 37^{1992}

b). Show that Mersenne number M_{13} is a prime number? [2+2]

Q4a). It is conjectured that every even integer can be written as a difference of two consecutive primes in infinite ways. Write 6 as a difference of two consecutive primes in two ways.

b) if $\gcd(a, c) = \gcd(b, c) = 1$, then show $\gcd(ab, c) = 1$ [2+2]

Q5.a) Determine whether or not 35 is a quadratic residue modulo 323.

b) Show that for $n=24$

$$\sum_{d|n} \sigma(d) \phi\left(\frac{n}{d}\right) = nd(n) \quad [2+2]$$

Q6. A student returning from Europe changes his euros and swiss francs in US money. If she receives \$46.26 and \$ 1.11 for each euro and 83 cents for each franc. How much of each type of currency did she exchange? [4]

Q7. Does the following quadratic congruence have a solution? If yes solve it. [4]

$$x^2 + 5x \equiv 12 \pmod{31}$$

Q8. Solve $858x + 253y = 33$ using continued fractions. Give the general Solution. [4]

Q9. Prove There is infinitely many primes of the form $4n+1$. [4]

Q10. When a class of number theory was divided into groups of 3 two students were left out; when into groups of 4 one was left out. When it was divided into groups of 5 the students found that if the professor was added to one of the group no one was left out. How many students were there in the class?

[4]

BITS Pilani, Dubai Campus
Dubai International Academic City, Dubai
Third & Fourth Year – First Semester 2013 – 2014

MATH C231 – Number Theory
Test 2 (Open Book)

Date: 20.11.2013
Time: 50 Minutes

Max. Marks: 20
Weightage: 20%

- Q1. Find whether 1387 is a prime number or not? [1]
- Q2. If n and $n+2$ are twin primes then show $\sigma(n+2) = \sigma(n) + 2$. [1]
- Q3. Find $\phi(21600)$ and $d(21600)$. [2]
- Q4. What day of the week was 10th December 1547? [2]
- Q5. Prove that the following congruence has a solution. Find all the incongruent solutions of the congruence.
 $18x \equiv 30 \pmod{42}$ [2]
- Q6. What is the last two digits of 7^{1000} [2]
- Q7. Find n such that $\sigma(n) = 217$ [2]
- Q8. Find a positive integer n such that $\mu(n) + \mu(n+1) + \mu(n+2) = 3$. [2]
- Q9. Solve the following congruence using Chinese remainder theorem.
 $17x \equiv 9 \pmod{276}$ [3]
- Q10. Prove $2^{4^n} - 1$ is divisible by 15. [3]

BITS Pilani, Dubai Campus
Dubai International Academic City, Dubai
Fourth & Third Year – First Semester 2013 – 2014

MATH C231 – Number Theory
Test 1 (Closed Book)

Date: 25.09.2013
Time: 50 Minutes

Max. Marks: 25
Weightage: 25%

- Q1. a) Use the Euclidean Algorithm to find the g.c.d (1769,2378). Use the g.c.d of (1769,2378) to find the l.c.m (1769,2378).
b) Find integers x and y such that
$$\text{g.c.d}(1769,2378) = 1769x + 2378y \quad [2]$$
- Q2. Find the g.c.d and l.c.m of (910,780,286,195) using prime factorization. [2]
- Q3. Prove if n is odd then n and n-2 are relatively prime. [2]
- Q4. Show if (x_0, y_0) is a solution of $ax - by = 1$, then the area of triangle whose vertices are $(0,0), (b,a)$ and (x_0, y_0) is $\frac{1}{2}$. [2]
- Q5. For any odd integers a and b, show $a^2 - b^2$ is divisible by 8. [2]
- Q6. Find the g.c.d $(2a + 3, 4a + 5)$ [3]
- Q7. Prove if $a \mid c$ and $b \mid c$ with $\text{g.c.d}(a,b) = 1$, then $ab \mid c$ [3]
- Q8. Determine the general solution of $158x - 57y = 7$ [3]
- Q9. A man has \$4.55 in change composed entirely of dimes and quarters. What are the maximum and minimum number of coins that he can have? Is it possible for the number of dimes to equal the number of quarters? Given a dime is 10 cents and a quarter is 25 cents. [3]
- Q10. Do there exist integers a and b which add to 500 and have a g.c.d as 7? [3]

SET B

Name:.....ID.No.....

**BITS Pilani, Dubai Campus
Dubai International Academic City, Dubai
Third & Fourth Year – First Semester 2013 – 2014**

**MATH C231/MATH F231 – Number Theory
Quiz 2 (Closed Book)**

**Date: 05.12.2013
Time: 20 Minutes**

**Max. Marks: 07
Weightage: 07%**

Q1. Find the value of $d(20)$. [1]

Q2. Find the value of $\sigma(12!)$ [1]

Q3. Find the smallest n , such that $\phi(n) = 6$ [1]

Q4. Find a prime q such that $\left(\frac{13}{q}\right) = 1$.

[2]

Q5. Does the quadratic $x^2 \equiv 5 \pmod{229}$ have a solution?

[2]

SETA

Name:.....ID.No.....

BITS Pilani, Dubai Campus
Dubai International Academic City, Dubai
Third & Fourth Year – First Semester 2013 – 2014

MATH C231/MATH F231 – Number Theory
Quiz 2 (Closed Book)

Date: 05.12.2013
Time: 20 Minutes

Max. Marks: 07
Weightage: 07%

Q1. Find the value of $\phi(20)$. [1]

Q2. Find the value of $\sigma(10!)$ [1]

Q3. Find the smallest n , such that $d(n)=6$ [1]

Q4. Find a prime q such that $\left(\frac{5}{q}\right) = -1$.

[2]

Q5. Does the quadratic $x^2 \equiv 5 \pmod{227}$ have a solution?

[2]

Name:

ID No:

**BITS Pilani, Dubai Campus
Dubai International Academic City, Dubai
Third & Fourth Year – First Semester 2013 – 2014**

**MATH C231– Number Theory
Quiz 1 (Closed Book)**

**Date: 08.10.2013
Time: 20 Minutes**

**Max. Marks: 8
Weightage: 08%**

Q1. For what values of m is $1331 \equiv 0 \pmod{m}$ [1]

Q2. Find the nonnegative residue mod 13 of -100. [1]

Q3. Are there integers a, b, c such that $a \mid bc$, but $a \nmid b$ and $a \nmid c$. Justify your answer. [1]

Q4. Find the prime factorization of 111111.

[1]

Q5. Which pair a, b have g.c.d 18 and l.c.m 540?

[2]

Q6. Give a reduced residue system mod 7 composed entirely of powers of 3.

[2]