

BITS, Pilani – Dubai. International Academic City, Dubai
III Year SECOND Semester 2007-2008

Degree: B.E.(Hons.). Branch: C.S.

Comprehensive Examination Question Paper

Course No : CSUC 362 Course Title: Programming Languages and
Compiler Construction

Date: 24/05/08 Saturday Time: 10 a.m.- 1 Noon Total marks: 80 Weightage: 40%

Data provided are complete. *Closed Book.*

This question paper has 5 pages.

Answer all Questions

1. Find the NULLABLE, FIRST and FOLLOW sets for the following CFG and then Construct the PREDICTIVE PARSING TABLE: (1+2.5+2.5+4 marks)

(Note: here ϵ denotes null)

$$S \rightarrow ES$$

$$E \rightarrow TE'$$

$$T \rightarrow FT'$$

$$F \rightarrow id$$

$$E \rightarrow +TE$$

$$T' \rightarrow *FT'$$

$$F \rightarrow num$$

$$E \rightarrow -TE$$

$$T' \rightarrow /FT'$$

$$F \rightarrow (E)$$

$$E \rightarrow \epsilon$$

$$T \rightarrow \epsilon$$

2. Write a JAVA program to generate and find the SUM of the following series:

(7 marks)

$$SUM = 1 - 2 - 3 + 4 + 5 + 6 - 7 - 8 - 9 - 10 + \dots N^{th} \text{ term}$$

(You can read the input value for N either through *command line argument* or through *keyboard*). See the following example scenario:

INPUT	OUTPUT
1	1
2	-1
3	-4
4	0
5	5
10	-23

3. Consider a *simple assignment statement*:

$$d := (a+20) + (a - 4) + (d +c)$$

You are required to generate CODE for the above statement using a simple code generation algorithm and tabulate your steps as shown below:

Statements	Code Generated	Register Descriptor	Address Descriptor
...

[5 marks]

4. You are required to write LEX SOURCE and YACC SOURCE to implement a **four function calculator** that performs addition, subtraction, multiplication and division on input NUMBERS. Assume that the NUMBERS are

positive INTEGERS

or

positive REAL NUMBERS with 2 digits after decimal point.

Example:	INPUT	OUTPUT
	14.26+26.14	40.40
	(14.26+26.14)	40.40
	(14+14.20)	28.20
	(14.5+2)	16.5
	(14+14)	28.00

[3+5 Marks]

5. Explain in detail the *mark-and-sweep* garbage collection algorithm. [5 marks]

6. Write a PICO LISP program to implement the following function using recursion:

$$a_n = (3 * a_{n-1}) + 2 \quad \text{with } a_0=5 \quad \text{and } n \text{ is a positive integer.}$$

[3 marks]

7. Write a SWI-PROLOG program to implement the following function using recursion:

$$a_n = (2 * a_{n-1}) + n + 1 \quad \text{with } a_0=5 \quad \text{and } n \text{ is a positive integer.}$$

[3 marks]

8. Write the output generated by the following JAVA program: [5 marks]

```
// program T.java
public class T

    public static void main (String[] args)

        int[][] t = new int[10][];
        for (int i = 0; i < t.length; i++)

            t[i] = new int[i + 1];

        for (int i = 0; i < t.length; i++)

            for (int j = 0; j < t[i].length; j++)

                System.out.print (2 * i + t[i][j] + 3 * );
                System.out.print ('\t');

            System.out.println
```

9. Break the following program into BASIC BLOCKS and Write them.

1. $m \leftarrow 0$
2. $v \leftarrow 0$
3. if $v \geq n$ goto 15
4. $r \leftarrow v$
5. $s \leftarrow 0$
6. if $r < n$ goto 9
7. $v \leftarrow v + 3$
8. goto 3
9. $x \leftarrow M[r]$
10. $s \leftarrow s + x$
11. if $s \leq m$ goto 13
12. $m \leftarrow s$
13. $r \leftarrow r + 6$
14. goto 6
15. return m

[4 marks]

P.T.O

10. Write a LEX program [source] to check the output for an Exclusive OR GATE with 2 input values. Your program should handle correct as well as incorrect inputs. [5 marks]

(Test Case shown below will give you an idea about legal/illegal inputs and the expected output, during your program execution. It is just enough if you write the LEX source alone.)

INPUT:	OUTPUT:
0 0	0
0 1	1
1 0	1
1 1	0
A B	invalid input
A	invalid input
9 2	invalid input
9 D	invalid input

11. Draw the layout of a typical STACK FRAME (ACTIVATION RECORD) for a function and briefly explain its contents. [5 marks]

12. Write the output generated by the following C program: (5 marks)

```
#include <stdio.h>
main ()
{
    void e (int *we, int *gg);
    int x[10], i;
    int n = 2;
    for (i = 0; i < 10; i += 1)
    {
        x[i] = 2 * n;
        e (&x[i], &n);
        n = n * 2 + 2;
    }
}

void
e (int *we, int *gg)
{
    int m, z;
    m = *we * 2;
    z = *gg * 2 + 2 * m;
    m += z;
    printf (" z = %d m= %d \n", z, m);
}
```

13. Explain the basic principles w.r.t. LIVENESS ANALYSIS. [5 marks]

14. Explain REDUCTION IN STRENGTH w.r.t CODE OPTIMIZATION with an example. [2 marks]

15. What is an Interference Graph w.r.t. Register Allocation. [2 marks]
16. What are the advantages of DELAYED LINKING w.r.t. Language Systems ?
[2 marks]
17. Define FLOW OF CONTROL CHECKS and UNIQUENESS CHECKS in TYPE CHECKING. Mention an example in each category. [2 marks]
18. Briefly explain the following w.r.t. Intermediate Representation tree:
a) Mem(e)
b) ESEQ(s,e) [2marks]

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TEST II Question Paper

Course No : CSUC362 Course Title: Programming Languages and
Compiler Construction

Date: 10 Apr., 2008 Thursday Time: 50 minutes Total marks: 20

Data provided are complete. **OPEN Book.** This qn paper has 2 pages.

Textbook, Reference Book and student's own handwritten class notes permitted.

Answer all Questions.

1. It is required to store all PRIME NUMBERS between 1 and 50 in a Symbol Table. Assume a HASH TABLE implementation for the Symbol Table and the hash function is defined as follows:

“Hash Value = (INPUT PRIME NUMBER) % 7”. Here, % means modulus (remainder after division). This hash value will be the position at which the input prime number will be inserted.

Draw the layout of the Symbol Table showing its contents.

[3 M]

2. Complete the following statement:

The SEMANTIC ANALYZER uses _____

_____ to check the source program for semantic consistency with language definition. [1 M]

- 3 Construct the DAG (directed acyclic graph for higher level representation of intermediate code) for the following arithmetic expression:

$$a * (a + b) + c * (a + b) + d * (g + h) + j * (g + h)$$

4. Translate the following program segment into Three Address Code (Quadruples):

```
begin
  while ( i <= 10)
    begin
      k = k + 1
      j = k + j
      i = i + 1
    end
  j = j + 10
end
```

Assume that i, j, k are all integers whose initial values are zero.

[2 marks]

P.T.O.

	SEMANTIC RULES
$L \rightarrow E \mathbf{n}$	$\text{print}(E.\text{val})$
$E \rightarrow E_1 + T$	$E.\text{val} = E_1.\text{val} + T.\text{val}$
$E \rightarrow T$	$E.\text{val} = T.\text{val}$
$T \rightarrow T_1 * F$	$T.\text{val} = T_1.\text{val} * F.\text{val}$
$T \rightarrow F$	$T.\text{val} = F.\text{val}$
$F \rightarrow (E)$	$F.\text{val} = E.\text{val}$
$F \rightarrow \text{digit}$	$F.\text{val} = \text{digit.lexval}$

Construct an annotated PARSE TREE for the following input expression:

$(4 * 7 + 1) * 2$

[2.5 M]

6. Find the NULLABLE, FIRST and FOLLOW sets for the following CFG and then Construct the PREDICTIVE PARSING TABLE: (1+2+2+3 marks)

$X \rightarrow S\$$
 $S \rightarrow \text{id}(L);$
 $S \rightarrow \text{if}(E) S \text{ else } S$
 $L \rightarrow \epsilon$
 $L \rightarrow EC$
 $C \rightarrow \epsilon$
 $C \rightarrow , EC$
 $E \rightarrow \text{id}$
 $E \rightarrow \text{num}$

Note: Here, ϵ indicates null and $\$$ indicates END OF INPUT.

7. Show the steps in evaluating the following expression in an ABSTRACT STACK MACHINE:

$a := (c * d) + (2 * d + 2)$

[1.5 M]

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TEST I Question Paper

Course No : CSUC362 Course Title: Programming Languages and
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Date: 24 Feb., 2008 Sunday Time: 50 minutes Total marks: 20

Data provided are complete. **Closed Book**. This qn paper has 2 pages.

Answer all Questions.

1. Write the OUTPUT of the following C Program: [4.5 marks]

```
#include <stdio.h>
main ()
{
    void e (int xx,      *nn, int j);
    int x[9], i;
    int y[9];
    int n = 7;
    for (i = 8; i >= 0;    -= 1)

        x[i] = 1 + (2 * n);
        y[8 - i] = 2 * x[i] + 3;
        e (x[i], &n, y[8 - i]);
    }
}
void
e (int xx,      *nn, int j)
{
    int m, z;
    m = *nn + 1;
    z = xx + 1;
    *nn = (*nn * 2) + 1;
    printf (" m = %d z= %d j = %d \n",      z, j);
}
```

2. Distinguish between Internal Symbols and External Symbols in PICO-LISP. [2 marks]

[P.T.O.]

