

BITS PILANI, DUBAI CAMPUS
II Semester13-14
Comprehensive Examination – Closed Book

Course No. & Title: CS F211, Data Structures & Algo
Weightage: 35%

Max Marks: 35

Duration: 3 Hrs
Date: 29.05.14

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS SEQUENTIALLY

1. Write any two advantages of data abstraction. 1 M
2. Convert the expression $5 * (6 + 2) - (12 / 4)$ to postfix using a stack. Show the detailed working in the form of a table as mentioned below. 3 M

Step No.	Symbol Scanned	Stack	Postfix Expression

3. Write a Pseudo procedure as mentioned below to convert an input decimal number N to its binary equivalent using a stack. Using this procedure convert the decimal number 18 into binary showing the contents of the stack in each step. 4 M

Procedure Decimal-to-Binary

Input : N a decimal Number

Output : B the binary equivalent of N

4. Consider the following circular queue capable of accommodating maximum 6 elements and REAR = 4, FRONT = 2 and the contents of the QUEUE are

Index	1	2	3	4	5	6
Element		L	M	N		

Show the contents of the queue after each of the following operations

- a) Add O b) Add P c) Delete two letters d) Add Q, R, S

1M

5. Using the following structure definition of each node in a singly linked list, define a function **delete_last_node** with the following prototype to delete the last node in it.

```
struct node{  
    int data; struct node *link};
```

```
struct node* delete_last_node(struct node *head);
```

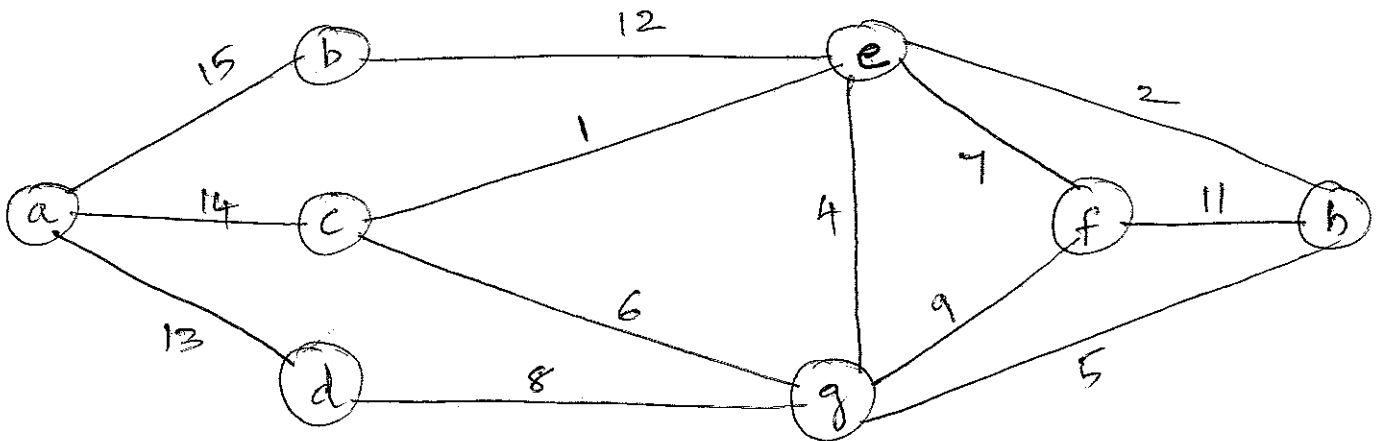
3 M

6. List the typical computational time complexity functions that are used to classify algorithms in increasing order of time. 1 M

7. Define stable sorting. Sort the following array using divide and conquer merge sort.
18 26 32 6 13 15 9 1 22 26 19 55 37 43 99 2 3 M
8. Define a recursive function **leafcount** with the following prototype to find the number of leaf nodes in a binary tree.
int leafcount(struct node *root); 3 M
9. An arithmetic expression is represented using a binary tree. Using the methods of the binary tree ADT write *Algorithm printExpression* to print the equivalent expression. 3 M
10. Insert the keys 76, 26, 37, 59, 21, 65, 88 into a hash table of size $m=11$ using quadratic probing with $c_1=1$ and $c_2=3$. Assume the primary hash function is $h'(k) = k \bmod m$. 4 M
11. Insert the following keys into an initially empty AVL tree in this order. 4 M
BRIJESH, FIZZA, IMRAN, NAVEEN, LOVELY, PREETY, JASSI, AJIT, HENNA and DANNY.

Draw the height balanced tree after appropriate rotations at the end of each insertion.

12. In a min heap with n elements, at which level the second smallest element will be present?
Draw a min heap with elements 1, 2, 3, 4 and where 4 is the right child of the root node. 1 M
13. Using Kruskal's algorithm find the minimum spanning tree for the following graph. Find the weight of this minimum spanning tree. 4 M



***** BEST OF LUCK*****

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II Semester13-14

Test 2 – Open Book

Course No. & Title: CS F211, Data Structures & Algo
Weightage: 20%

Date: 14.04.14

Duration: 50 mins

Max Marks: 20

Class : II CS

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS SEQUENTIALLY

1. Consider a binary tree having 8 nodes. The preorder and inorder traversals of the binary tree results in the following sequence of nodes. Draw the binary tree.

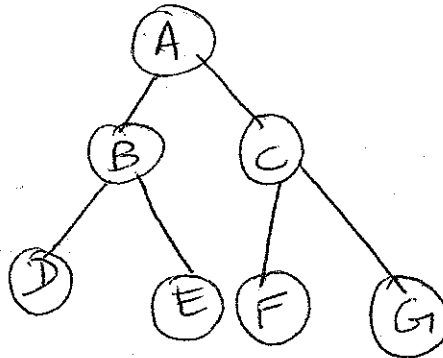
Preorder: A B D E G H C F

Inorder: D B G E H A C F

4 M

2. Give the array representation of the following binary tree with root node stored at array index 1.

2 M



3. Define a recursive function with the following prototype to find the largest node in a binary search tree, where 'p' is the pointer to the root node.

struct node * find_largest(struct node *p)

3 M

4. a) Using lexicographic ordering, construct a binary search tree where the nodes of the tree are the months of the year in this order *inserted*.

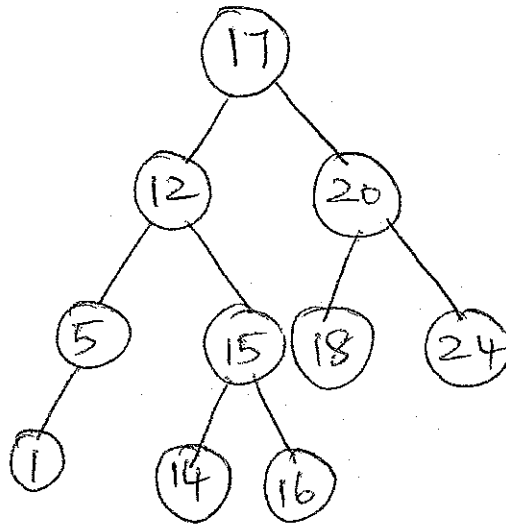
Jan, Dec, Aug, Mar, Apr, Feb, Jul, Jun, Nov, Oct, May and Sep.

b) Draw the tree after deleting node ~~Nov~~ *Nov*.

4 M

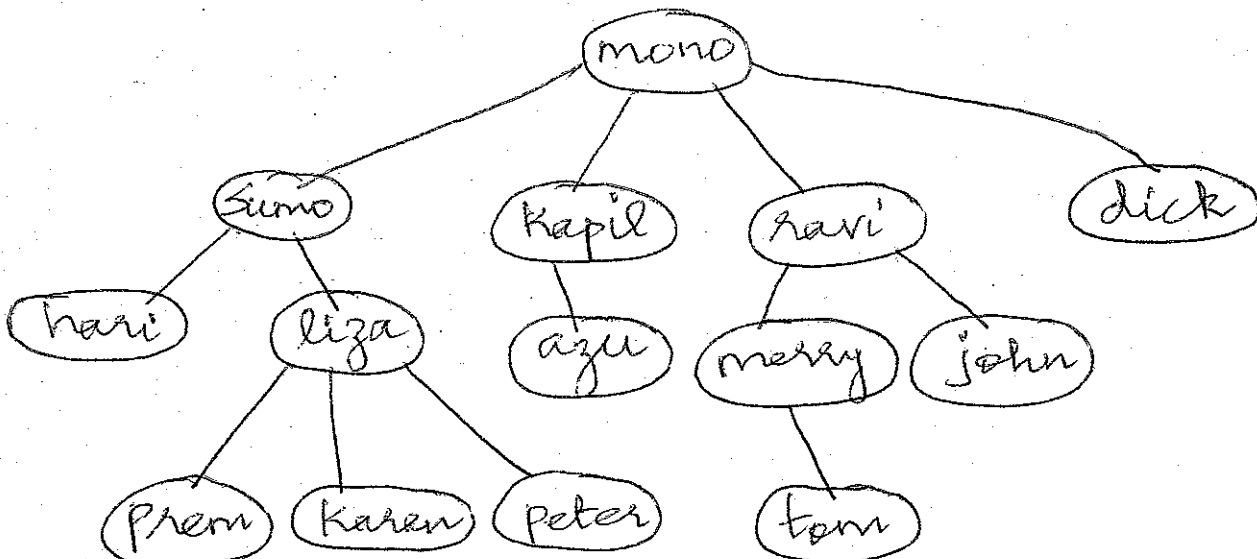
5. a) In the following binary search tree, mark the balance factor of each node and state

whether the tree is height balanced or not. If it is not a balanced tree, make it a balanced tree. 3 M



b) Insert 13 into the above tree and carry out the necessary AVL rotations if needed. Draw the final tree.

6. a) Draw the linked representation of the following general tree. 4 M
b) Write the results of the three traversals on this tree.



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Test 1 – Closed Book

Course No. & Title: CS F211, Data Structures & Algo

Date: 04.03.14 Duration: 50 mins

Weightage: 20%

Max Marks: 20

Class : II CS

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. Define the stack ADT with its main and supporting methods. 2 M

2. Convert the infix expression $A + (B * C - (D/E - F) * G) * H$ to postfix using the corresponding algorithm with a stack data structure. Clearly show the results in a tabular form as mentioned below. 3 M

S. No	Symbol Scanned	Stack Contents	Postfix Expression

3. Evaluate the postfix expression $10 \ 2 \ 8 \ * \ + \ 3 \ -$ using stack with the help of the following table. 3 M

S. No	Symbol Scanned	Operation	Stack Contents	Output

4. An unordered list of student marks is represented using a doubly linked list. Define a function with the following prototype to find the highest mark in the list. 4 M
int highest(struct node * head);

5. A queue has to be implemented using two stacks. Define the two operations **enqueue** and **dequeue** in this case using an algorithm. 3 M

6. Given a list of integers what would be the number of comparisons a binary search algorithm will involve to search for a key in the list in each of the following a) best case b) worst case and c) average 0.75 M

7. Define a recursive function with the following prototype to find the sum of an integer array **a** of **n** numbers using recursive definition. 3 M
int recursive-sum(int *a, int n);

8. Write an algorithm to find the number of elements in a circular queue. 1.25 M

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Quiz 2 – Closed Book

Course No. & Title: CS C341, Data Structures & Algo
Weightage: 7%

Date: 13.05.14

Duration: 20 mins

Max Marks: 7

Class : II CS

NAME :

ID No.

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. Define Probing

1M

Ans:

2. Write any two advantages of hashing with open-addressing.

1M

Ans:

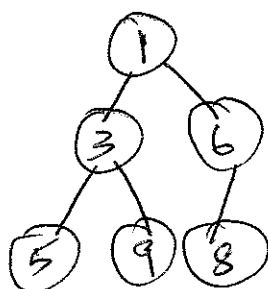
3. Insert the elements 5, 28, 19, 15, 20, 33, 12, 17 and 10 into a chained hash-table that has 9 slots. The hash function is $h(k) = k \bmod 9$.

2M

Ans:

4. Draw the heap after removing min from the following heap.

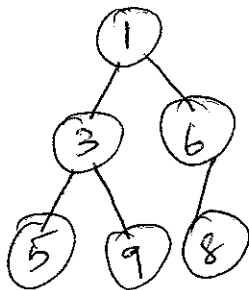
1M



Ans:

5. Insert -2 into the following heap.

2M



Ans :

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II Semester13-14

Quiz 1 – Closed Book

Course No. & Title: CS F211, Data Structures & Algo
Weightage: 5%

Date: 25.03.14

Duration: 20 mins

Max Marks: 5

Class : II CS

NAME :

ID No.

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. Mention the names of the three steps used in divide and conquer problem solving strategy. 0.5 Mark
Ans:

2. Answer the following with respect to the merge sort tree used to analyze the running time of merge sort. 1 Mark
- a) The time spent at node v is _____
 - b) The size of the sequence handled by the recursive call of node v is _____
 - c) The number of nodes at level i is _____.
 - d) Total time spent in all nodes at level i is _____

3. What is the running time of insertion sort when the input array is 1 Mark
- a) in reverse order Ans:
 - b) in order Ans:

4. What is a stable sorting algorithm? Is quick sort a stable sorting algorithm? 0.5 Mark
Ans:

5. Sort the following decimal numbers using radix sort. Show the results after each pass.
321, 150, 235, 655, 573, 78, 92, 54. 1 Mark

Ans:

6. Given two matrices $\begin{pmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{pmatrix}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} E & F \\ G & H \end{pmatrix}$ define the seven submatrix products used in Strassen's matrix multiplication. 1 Mark
Ans:
