

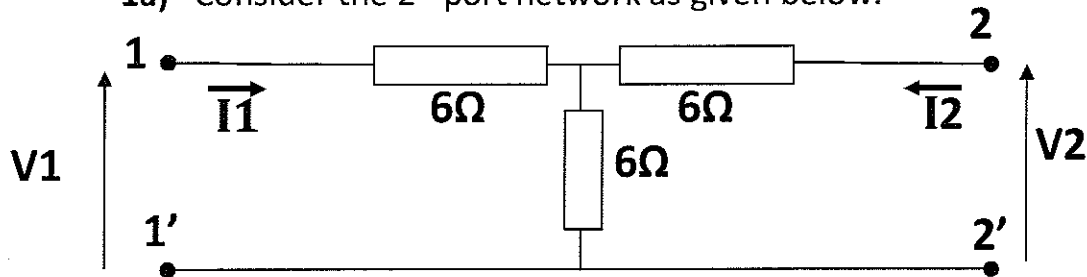
Instructions:

- 1) Answer **ALL** questions in both **Parts A & B**
- 2) Make appropriate assumptions wherever necessary

PART A

(40 marks)

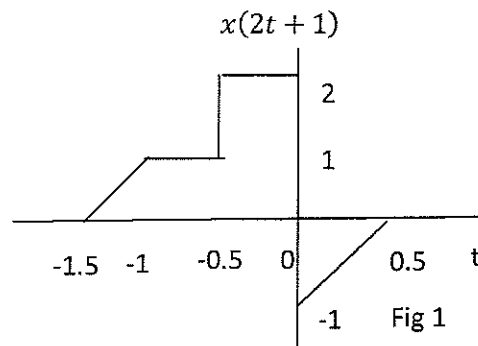
1a) Consider the 2 –port network as given below.



Obtain its ABCD parameters

(6marks)

1b) Consider the signal as shown in the Fig 1. If this signal is given to be $x(2t + 1)$. Sketch $x(t)$



(6marks)

2a) Consider the signal $x[n] = \cos\left[\frac{2\pi}{5}n\right]$ & $y[n] = \sin\left[\frac{2\pi}{7}n\right]$. Determine whether $x[n] - 2y[n]$ is periodic. If so, find its period **(4 marks)**

2b) A Continuous System with $x(t)$ as input and $y(t)$ as output is governed by the differential equation $\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + ty(t) = x(t + 1)$. Check the system for a) linearity b) Time-Invariance & c) causality **(6marks)**

3a) Consider a Linear Time invariant system with the impulse response $h(t) = e^{-t}U(t)$. If the system input is $x(t) = (U(t) - U(t - 3))$, determine the system output $y(t)$. **(10 marks)**

3b Consider the interconnected Linear Time invariant subsystems S1 , S2 & S3 with impulse responses $h_1[n] = [1, 1]$; $h_2[n] = [2, 3]$ and $h_3[n] = [1, 2]$ respectively , as shown in Fig 3b. If the overall system delivers an output $y[n] = [1, 4, 9, 6]$, determine the values of a & b when the overall system is excited by an input $x[n] = [a, b]$

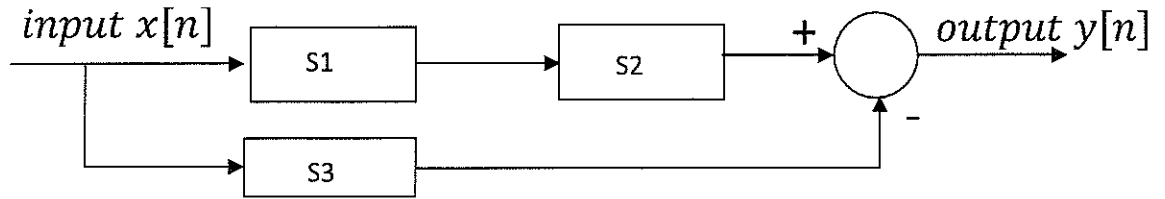


Fig 3b

(8 marks)

PART – B

(40 marks)

4a Consider a periodic signal $x(t)$, with fundamental period , $T = 20msec$. When $x(t)$ is expanded using complex exponential series yielded the following Fourier coefficients, as per the table given below. Determine $x(t)$. (all other coefficients are = 0) (6 marks)

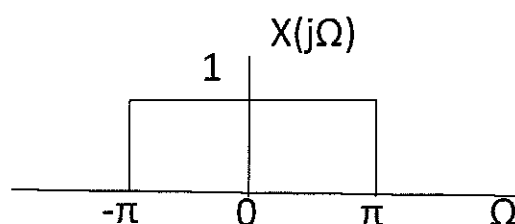
S.No	Fourier Coefficient	Magnitude	Phase (Degrees)
1	F_0	1	0
2	F_{-1}	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	60
3	F_1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	-60

Useful Formula : $x(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} F_n e^{j\frac{2\pi n t}{T}}$ where $F_n = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T f(t) e^{-j\frac{2\pi n t}{T}} dt$

4b) Consider a signal with its Fourier Transform $X(j\Omega)$ as shown below. Determine the Inverse Fourier Transform $x(t)$. (4marks)

Useful Formula : $X(j\Omega) = FT(x(t)) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) e^{-j\Omega t} dt$ and

$$x(t) = Inv.FT(X(j\Omega)) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(j\Omega) e^{j\Omega t} d\Omega$$



5a) Consider a Linear Time invariant System governed by the differential equation $\frac{d^2y(t)}{dt^2} + 3\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 2y(t) = x(t)$; where $x(t)$ & $y(t)$ denote the input and output respectively. Obtain the frequency response $H(j\Omega) = \frac{Y(j\Omega)}{X(j\Omega)}$. If the input $x(t) = \delta(t) - e^{-3t}U(t)$ show that the output $y(t) = \frac{1}{2}e^{-t}U(t) - \frac{1}{2}e^{-3t}U(t)$ **(6marks)**

5b) Consider the signal $x(t) = \sin^2(600 \times \pi \times t) + \cos(800 \times \pi \times t)$ sampled at the rate of 1000 samples/sec. prepare a table indicating the input spectral components and how they appear after undergoing sampling **(4marks)**

6a) Consider a DT signal $x[n] = (0.25)^n U[n]$ for $n \geq 0$
 $= -(4)^n U[-n-1]$ for $-\infty \leq n \leq -1$

Obtain the DTFT of this signal **(4marks)**

6b) Determine the DFT of $x[n] = [1, 0, -1, 0]$ and hence deduce the DFT of $x[n-6]_{\text{mod } 4}$ **(6marks)**

7a) A DT signal is given to be such that $X(z) = \frac{z^{-1}}{(1-0.5z^{-1})(1-0.75z^{-1})}$

Determine $x[n]$ if the ROC is $|z| \geq 0.75$ ii) $|z| \leq 0.5$ **(4marks)**

7b) Consider a Linear Shift Invariant causal DT system specified by its system function $H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{z}{(2z+1)(3z+1)}$ where $x[n]$ & $y[n]$ are the system input and output respectively. Obtain the following:

i) The difference equation ii) System output for an input $x[n] = u[n] - u[n-2]$ and iii) Frequency Response $H(e^{j\omega})$ **(6marks)**

-----GOOD LUCK-----

BITS PILANI , DUBAI CAMPUS

DUBAI INTERNATIONAL ACADEMIC CITY DUBAI

CIRCUITS AND SIGNALS

DATE: 01 – 05 - 2011

EEE C 272 /ECE C 272 / INSTR C 272

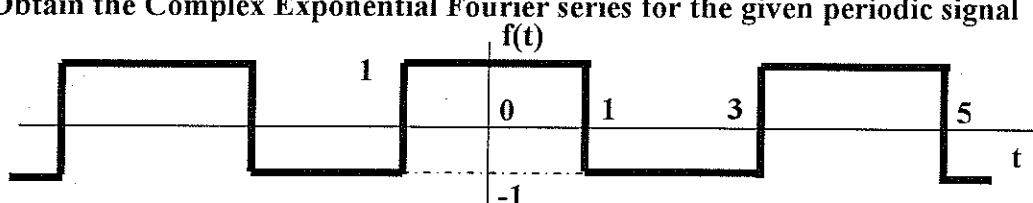
MAX MARKS: 40 (20%)

TIME: 50 MINS

Test – 2[OPEN BOOK]

Note :

- Only prescribed text books and handwritten class notes are allowed
- Answer **ALL** questions .
- Any missing data can be suitably assumed

1A	Consider a discrete time signal $x[n] = \{1, 2, 1, -1\}$. Obtain and sketch its even part and odd part.	6
1B	Two sequences $x_1(n) = \{1, 0, 1, -1\}$ and $x_2(n) = \{1, a, -2, -3\}$ when convolved yield $x_3(n) = \{1, 1, -1, -3, -3, -1, 3\}$. Determine the value of 'a'.	6
2A	Obtain the Complex Exponential Fourier series for the given periodic signal 	10
3A	The Fourier transform $X(\omega)$ of a function is defined by $X(\omega) = 2$ for $0 \leq \omega \leq 2$ $= -2$ for $-2 \leq \omega \leq 0$ and zero elsewhere. Show by taking the Inverse Fourier transform that $x(t) = \frac{j4 \sin^2 t}{\pi t}$	6
3B	If $x(t)$ has a Fourier transform $X(\omega)$ then , using Fourier Transform Properties Express the following in terms of $X(\omega)$ or $x(t)$ (whichever may be relevant) i) Fourier transform of $\left(3 \frac{d(x(t-1))}{dt} \right)$ ii) Inverse Fourier Transform of $\left\{ \frac{1}{2} X \left(\frac{(\omega - \omega_0)}{2} \right) \right\}$	6
4	A causal LTI system with input $x(t)$ and an output $y(t)$ is specified by the frequency response $H(\omega) = \frac{Y(\omega)}{X(\omega)} = \frac{a - j\omega}{a + j\omega}$ where 'a' is greater than zero. Obtain the magnitude response $ H(\omega) $ and the Phase Response $\angle H(\omega)$.	6

*****GOODLUCK*****

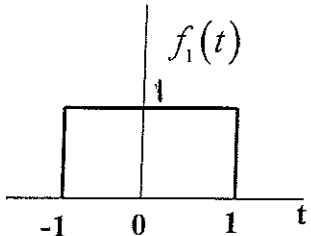
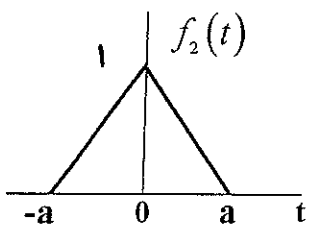
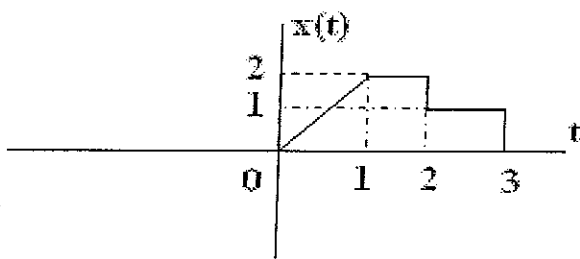
BITS PILANI ,DUBAI CAMPUS
DUBAI INTERNATIONAL ACADEMIC CITY DUBAI
CIRCUITS AND SIGNALS

DATE: 10 - 03 - 2011 EEE C 272 /ECE C 272 / INSTR C 272 MAX MARKS: 50 (25%)

TIME: 50 MINS

Test - 1

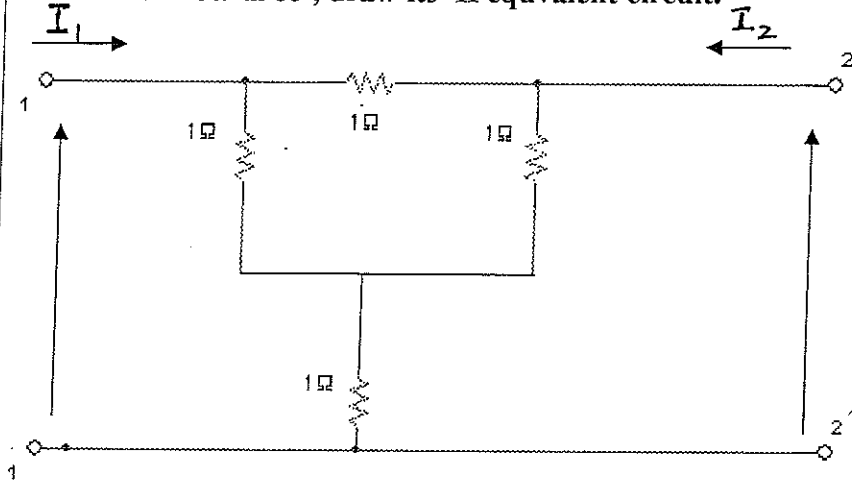
Note : Answer ALL questions . Any missing data can be suitably assumed

1A	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;">   </div> <p>Consider the signals $f_1(t)$ and $f_2(t)$ as shown in the figure above. If it is given that both the signals possess the same energy , calculate the value of 'a'</p>	9
1B	<p>Consider the signals $f_1(t) = \sin\left(\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right)t\right)$ and $f_2(t) = \cos\left(\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)t\right)$.</p> <p>Determine whether the signal $f_3(t) = f_1(t) - f_2(t)$ is periodic. If it is so , find its period</p>	6
2A	<p>Evaluate the integral $\int_{-0.5}^1 \left(\frac{t^2}{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}t\right)} (\delta(t-0.5) - \delta(t+1)) \right) dt$</p> <p>using the properties of the impulse function</p>	6
2B	<p>For $x(t)$ is shown below , sketch the modified signal $x\left(-\frac{t}{3}+2\right)$</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>	9

3

10

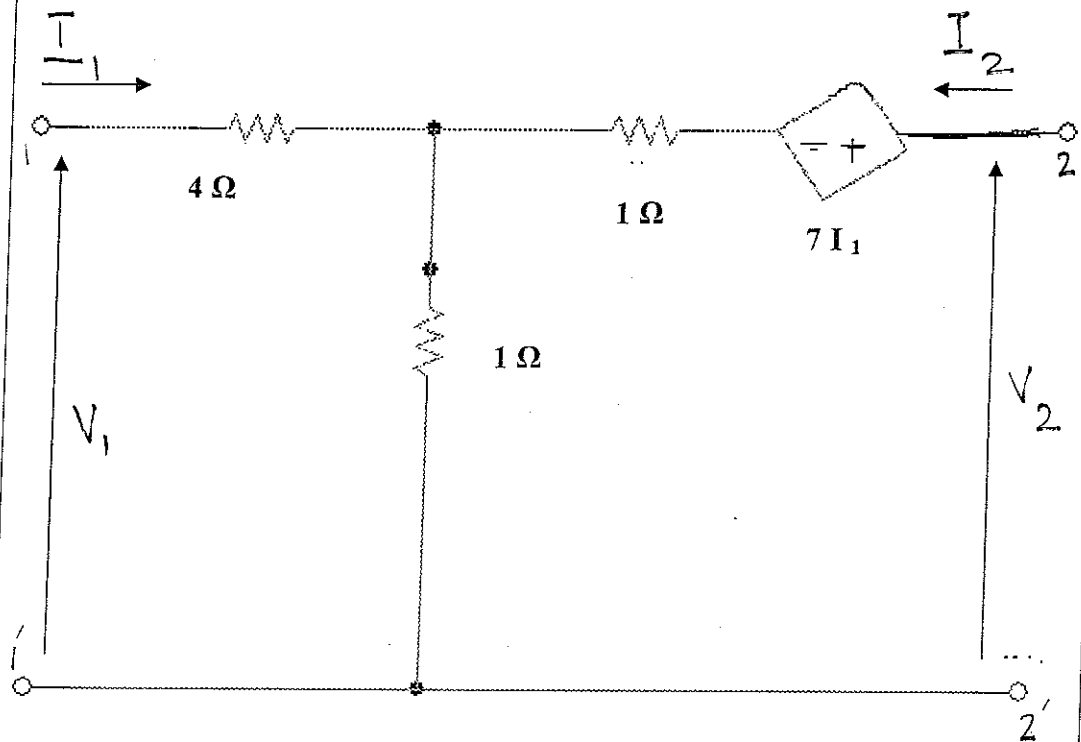
Find y parameters for the circuit given below. Check whether it is reciprocal network or not. If so, draw its Π equivalent circuit.



4

10

For the given two port network, find the Z parameters



*****GOODLUCK*****

BE (Hons.) EEE / ECE / EIE II Year, II Semester, 2010-2011
Quiz 1 (Closed Book)
Course No.: EEE C272 / INSTR C 272 Course Title: Circuits and Signals
Date: May 17, 2011 Time: 20 min Max. Marks: 14 Weightage: 7%

Name :	Student Id :	Section :
--------	--------------	-----------

Note: Answer all questions. Appropriate assumptions may be made wherever necessary

1). 1). Consider the spectrum of a CT signal $x(t)$ being described as per the table. If the signal is sampled at the rate of 3000 samples per sec, find out the various frequency components present in the sampled signal spectrum in the table below (4marks)

Answer : Sampling Rate : 3000 Samples / sec

S.No	Frequency Component (in Hz)	Aliasing Error Yes/No	Sampled Signal Components In case of aliasing error indicate the aliased component
1	600		
2	1800		
3	2400		

2) Consider a sequence $x_1[n] = \{1, 1, -1, 0\}$. Find its DFT. Hence find the DFT of the sequence

$$x_2[n] = \{0, 1, 1, -1\}$$

(3 marks)

BE (Hons.) EEE / ECE / EIE II Year, II Semester, 2010-2011

Quiz 1 (Closed Book)

Course No.: EEE C272 / INSTR C 272 Course Title: Circuits and Signals

Date: May 17, 2011 Time: 20 min Max. Marks: 14 Weightage: 7%

Name :

Student Id :

Section :

3. Consider $x[n] = \{1, 0, -1, -2\}$ and $y[n] = \{-1, -2, 1, 0\}$. Obtain the 4 point circular convolution :

$$x[n] \otimes_4 y[n]$$

(4 marks)

Answer :

4. Consider a causal LTI Discrete Time system given by the difference equation

$$y[n] = 0.5x[n] + 0.25y[n-1]. \text{ Determine the frequency response } H(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{Y(e^{j\omega})}{X(e^{j\omega})}$$

And hence Show that the system Impulse response $h(n) = 0.5(0.25)^n U[n]$ (3 marks)

BE (Hons.) EEE / ECE / EIE II Year, II Semester, 2010-2011

Quiz 2 (Closed Book)

Course No.: EEE C272 / INSTR C 272 Course Title: Circuits and Signals

Date: May 17, 2011 Time: 20 min Max. Marks: 14 Weightage: 7%

Name :

Student Id :

Section :

Note: Answer all questions. Appropriate assumptions may be made wherever necessary

1). Consider $x[n] = \{1, 0, -1, -2\}$ and $y[n] = \{-1, -2, 1, 0\}$. Obtain the 4 point circular convolution :

$x[n] \otimes_4 y[n]$ (4 marks)

Answer

2) Consider a sequence $x_1[n] = \{1, 1, -1, 0\}$. Find its DFT . Hence find the DFT of the sequence

$x_2[n] = \{0, 1, 1, -1\}$ (3 marks)

Answer:

BE (Hons.) EEE / ECE / EIE II Year, II Semester, 2010-2011

Quiz 1 (Closed Book)

Course No.: EEE C272 / INSTR C 272 Course Title: Circuits and Signals

Date: May 17.05, 2011 Time: 20 min Max. Marks: 14 Weightage: 7%

Name :

Student Id :

Section :

3.)

Consider the spectrum of a CT signal $x(t)$ being described as per the table. If the signal is sampled at the rate of 3200 samples per sec, find out the various frequency components present in the sampled signal spectrum in the table below (4marks)

Answer : sampling Rate : 3200 samples/sec

S.No	Frequency Component (in Hz)	Aliasing Error Yes/No	Sampled Signal Components In case of aliasing error indicate the aliased component
1	500		
2	1500		
3	2500		

4. Consider a causal LTI Discrete Time system given by the difference equation

$$y[n] = 0.5x[n] + 0.25y[n-1]. \text{ Determine the frequency response } H(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{Y(e^{j\omega})}{X(e^{j\omega})}$$

and hence Show that the system Impulse response $h(n) = 0.5(0.25)^n U[n]$ (3 marks)

Answer :

BE (Hons.) EEE / ECE / EIE II Year, II Semester, 2010-2011

Quiz 2 (Closed Book)

Course No.: **EEE C272 / INSTR C 272** Course Title: **Circuits and Signals**

Date: May 17.05, 2011 Time: 20 min Max. Marks: 14 Weightage: 7%

Name :

Student Id :

Section :

3.)

Consider the spectrum of a CT signal $x(t)$ being described as per the table. If the signal is sampled at the rate of 3200 samples per sec, find out the various frequency components present in the sampled signal spectrum in the table below (4marks)

Answer : Sampling Rate : 3200 samples / sec

S.No	Frequency Component (in Hz)	Aliasing Error Yes/No	Sampled Signal Components In case of aliasing error indicate the aliased component
1	500	No	600
2	1500	Yes	$ 3200 - 1800 = 1400$ <i>lying between -1600 to +1600</i>
3	2500	Yes	$ 3200 - 2500 = 700$ <i>lying between -1600 to +1600</i>

4. Consider a causal LTI Discrete Time system given by the difference equation

$$y[n] = 0.5x[n] + 0.25y[n-1]. \text{ Determine the frequency response } H(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{Y(e^{j\omega})}{X(e^{j\omega})}$$

and hence Show that the system Impulse response $h(n) = 0.5(0.25)^n U[n]$ (3 marks)

Answer :

$$Y(e^{j\omega}) = 0.5X(e^{j\omega}) + 0.25e^{-j\omega}Y(e^{j\omega})$$

Taking DTFT
$$H(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{Y(e^{j\omega})}{X(e^{j\omega})} = \frac{0.5}{(1 - 0.25e^{-j\omega})}$$

$$h[n] = IDFT(H(e^{j\omega})) = (0.5)(0.25)^n U[n]$$

BE (Hons.) EEE / ECE / EIE II Year, II Semester, 2010-2011

Quiz I (Closed Book)

Course No.: EEE C272 / INSTR C 272 Course Title: Circuits and Signals

Date: Apr 05, 2010 Time: 20 min Max. Marks: 16 Weightage: 8%

Name :

Student Id :

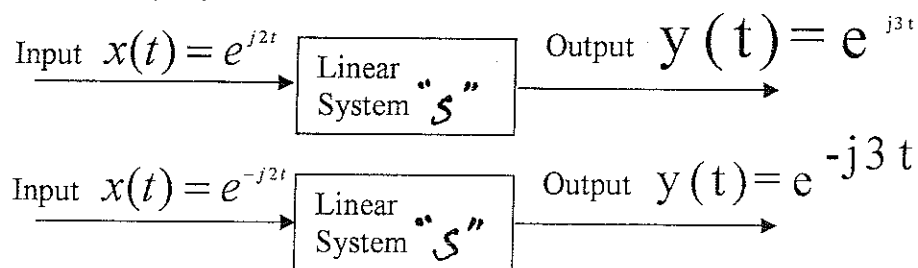
Section :

Note: Answer all questions. Appropriate assumptions may be made wherever necessary

- 1a). Consider a CT system with $x(t)$ as input and $y(t)$ as output given by the equation $y(t) = t^2 x(t-1)$. . Test the above system for a) Linearity & b) Time invariance. Justify your answers with reasons (4 Marks):

Answer :

- 1b) A linear System " S " has the following input-output mappings as shown below . Determine the output if the input $x(t) = \cos(2t)$ (4 marks)



Answer :

BE (Hons.) EEE / ECE / EIE II Year, II Semester, 2010-2011

Quiz I (Closed Book)

Course No.: EEE C272 / INSTR C 272 Course Title: Circuits and Signals

Date: Apr 05, 2010 Time: 20 min Max. Marks: 16 Weightage: 8%

Name :

Student Id :

Section :

2. Consider the following functions $x(t) = (U(t+1) - U(t-1))$ &

$h(t) = (U(t-3) - U(t-5))$. Determine $y(t) = x(t) * h(t)$ (8 marks).