



**SECOND SEMESTER 2011- 2012**  
**FIRST YEAR COMPREHENSIVE TEST**

Course Code: EEE F111  
Course Title: ELECTRICAL SCIENCES  
Duration: 3 Hrs

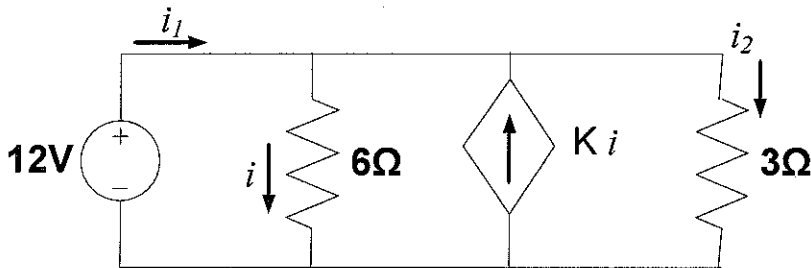
Date: 14-06-2012  
Max Marks: 120  
Weightage: 40%

**Note: Answer all the questions , ANSWER PART A, PART B AND PART C in separate answer books, Assume any missing data suitably.**

**PART A**

Q.1 For the circuit shown below, find  $i_1$ , when a)  $K=2$  , b)  $K=3$  and c)  $K=4$

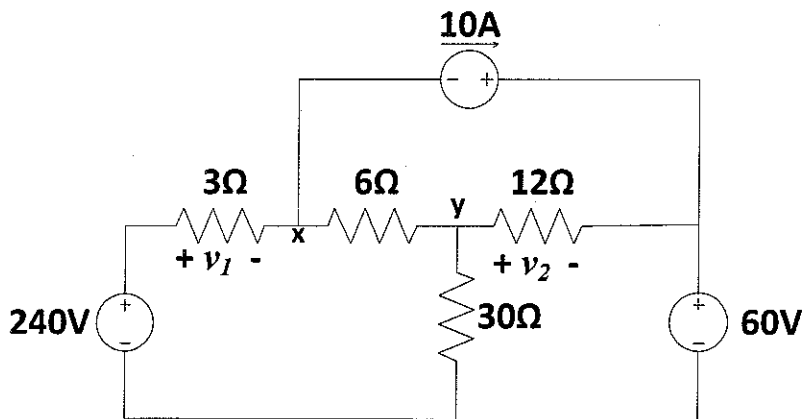
**8M**



Q.2 For the circuit shown below

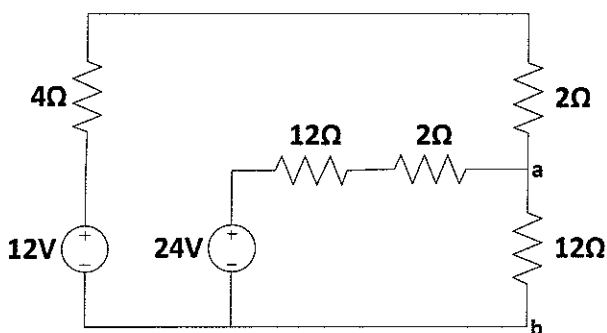
**10M**

- use nodal analysis to determine voltages  $v_1$  and  $v_2$
- Compute the power absorbed by the  $6\Omega$  resistor.

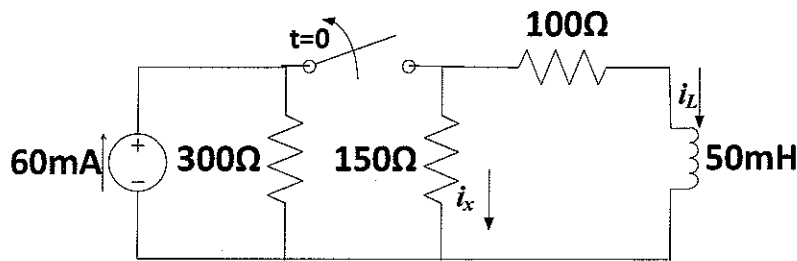


Q.3 Apply thevenen's theorem to the circuit shown below and determine the current  $I$  through the  $12\Omega$  resistance between node a and b

**10M**

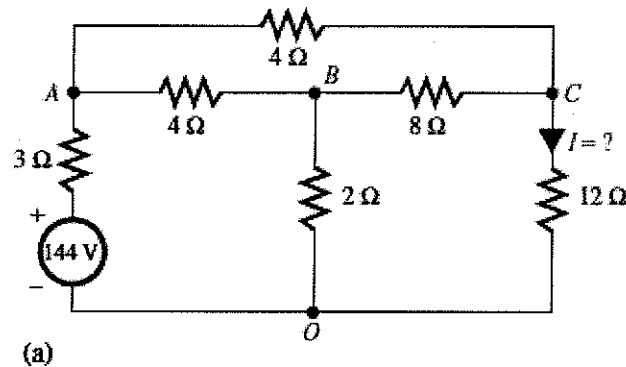


- Q.4 The switch in the following figure, opens at  $t=0$  after having been closed for an interminably long. Find  $i_L$  and  $i_x$  at
- $t < 0$
  - $t = 0$ s
  - $t = 300\mu\text{s}$



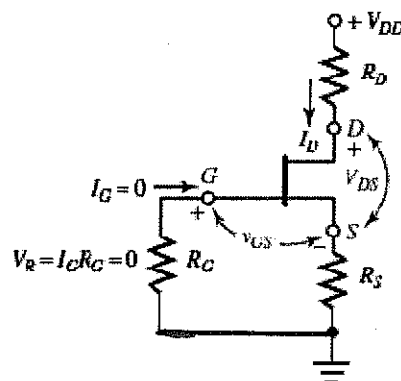
### PART B

- Q.1 Use delta–star transformation for network reduction and determine the current through the  $12\ \Omega$  resistor in the circuit of the following Figure



- Q.2 A piece of aluminum wire has a cross sectional area of  $10^{-6}\ \text{m}^2$ . The aluminum has a free electron concentration of  $1.81 \times 10^{29}\ \text{m}^{-3}$ , and the mobility of the free electron is  $10^{-3}\ \text{m}^2/\text{V}\cdot\text{s}$ . a) Find the conductivity of the aluminum wire. b) Find the resistivity of the wire c) Find the resistance of a 1 – meter length of wire.

- Q.3 Measurements made on the self-biased  $n$ -channel JFET shown in figure below are  $V_{GS} = -1\text{V}$ ,  $I_D = 4\ \text{mA}$ ;  $V_{GS} = -0.5\ \text{V}$ ,  $I_D = 6.25\ \text{mA}$ ; and  $V_{DD} = 15\ \text{V}$ .  
 (a) Determine  $V_P$  and  $I_{DSS}$ .  
 (b) Find  $R_D$  and  $R_S$  so that  $I_D = 4\ \text{mA}$  and  $V_{DS} = 4\ \text{V}$ .



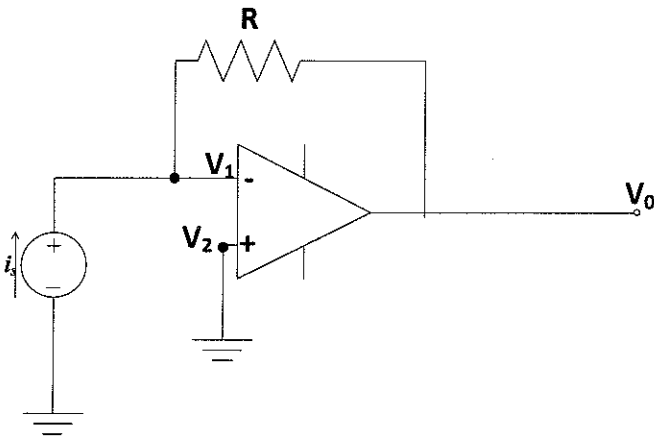
## PART C

Q.1 A 220 volt dc shunt motor has an armature resistance of 0.5 ohms. When the speed of the motor is 1000rpm, the armature current is 40 A. Assuming that the resisting torque of the load stays constant, **10M**

- When a 1.5 ohms resistance is placed in series with the armature, find the resulting current and speed.
- Determine the armature current and speed ( without the 1.5 ohms resistance) when the field flux is reduced by 20%.

Q.2 A mild steel ring has a radius of 50mm and a cross-sectional area of  $400\text{m}^2$ . **10M**  
A current of 0.5 A flows in a coil wound uniformly around the ring and the flux produced is 0.1 Wb. If the relative permeability at this value of current is 200 find the reluctance of mild steel and the number of turns on the coil.

Q.3 Find  $v_o$  when the ideal amplifier is an OP-AMP and when it has finite gain. **10M**



Q.4 Use algebraic manipulations to express the Boolean function:  $F = \bar{A}\bar{B} + B\bar{C}$  as a product of max terms and implement the same using NOR Gate realization. **10M**



**SECOND SEMESTER 2011- 2012**  
**FIRST YEAR TEST - 2 (Open Book)**

Course Code: EEE F111  
Course Title: ELECTRICAL SCIENCES  
Duration: 50 minutes

Date: 20-05-2012  
Max Marks: 60  
Weightage: 20%

**Note: Answer all the questions , only class notes and prescribed text book is allowed**

Q.1 Suppose a toroid is constructed of cast steel and is to have a magnetic flux density of 0.8 T.

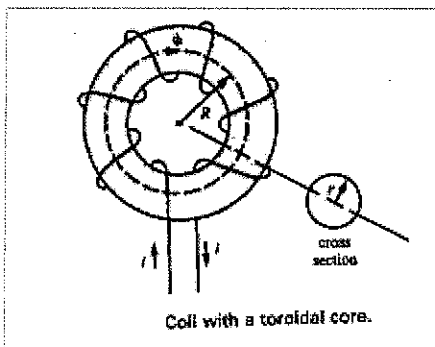
a) Determine the relative permeability of the core.

**10M**

b) If the core has an average radius of 0.1 m and a cross sectional radius of 0.02 m, find the current required for a 500 turn coil.

( Use the magnetization curve given in your text book)

Q.2 A 200 turn coil is to have an inductance of 50 mH. Determine the relative permeability of the core that the coil is wound on if the core is the one shown below where the average radius is 0.1 m and the cross – sectional radius is 0.02 m.



**10M**

Q.3 A 220 V dc shunt motor has an armature resistance of 0.5  $\Omega$ . When the motor speed is 1000rpm, the armature current is 50 A and the developed torque is 100 N-m. Find the developed torque at 1100 rpm.

**10M**

Q.4 A separately excited generator develops a no- load emf of 150 V at an armature speed of 20 rev/s and a flux per pole of 0.1 Wb. Determine the generated voltage when

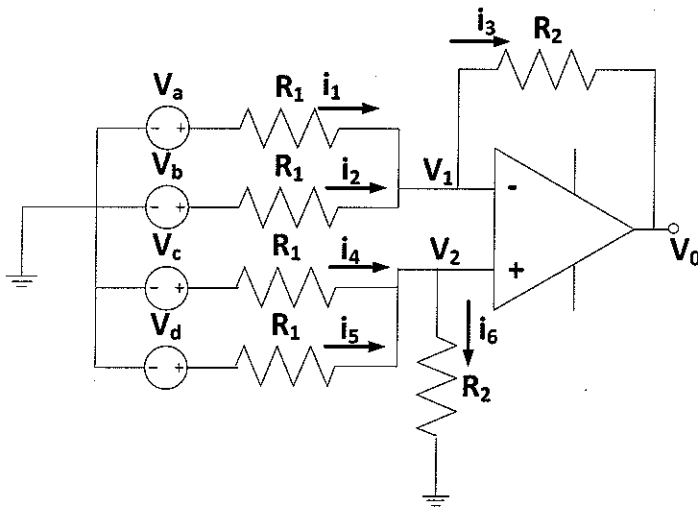
**10M**

a) The speed increases to 25 rev/s and the pole flux remains unchanged.

b) The speed increases to 24 rev/s and the pole flux is decreased to 0.07Wb.

Q.5 For the following OP-AMP circuit derive an expression for  $V_0$  in terms of the inputs  $V_a$ ,  $V_b$ ,  $V_c$ , and  $V_d$ .

20M



Suppose for the above circuit  $R_2=100\Omega$ ,  $R_1=10\Omega$ ,  $V_a=10\text{mV}$ ,  $V_b=20\text{mV}$ ,  $V_c=0.01\text{V}$ ,  $V_d=1\text{V}$ , find  $V_0$ .



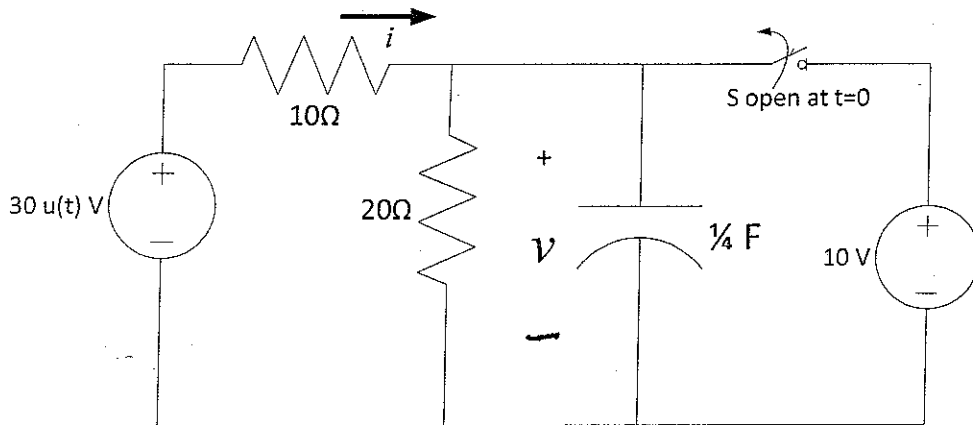
**SECOND SEMESTER 2011- 2012**  
**FIRST YEAR TEST -I (Closed Book)**

Course Code: EEE F111  
Course Title: ELECTRICAL SCIENCES  
Duration: 50 minutes

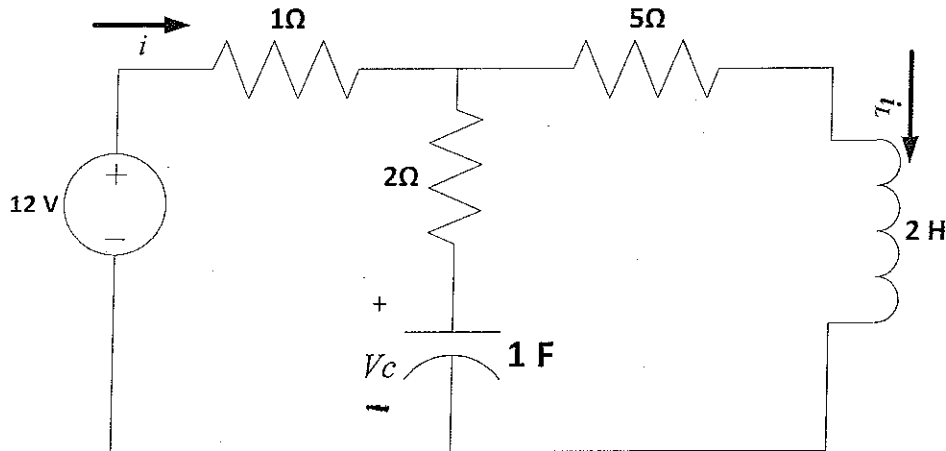
Date: 01-04-2012  
Max Marks: 75  
Weightage: 25%

**Note: Answer all the questions**

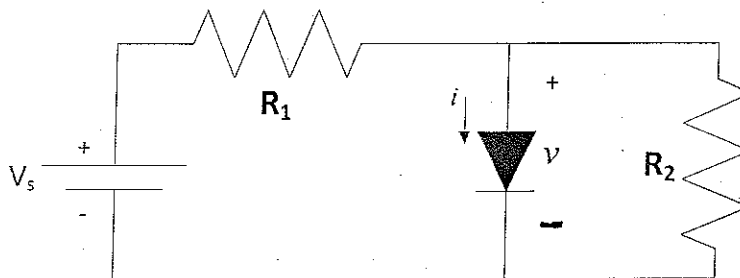
- Q.1 In the following circuit, the switch has been closed for a long time and is opened at  $t=0$ . Find  $i$  and  $v$  for all time. 15



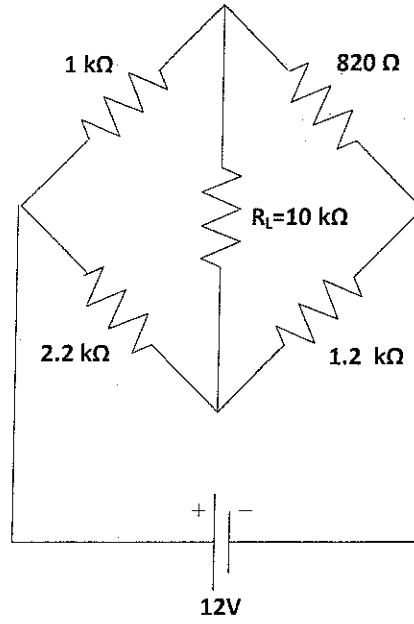
- Q.2 In the circuit given below, under the dc condition find 10  
I. Current  $i$ , voltages  $V_c$  and current  $i_L$   
II. The energy stored in the capacitor and inductor



- Q.3 For the diode circuit shown below  $V_s=2V$  and the silicon diode has the saturation current of  $4nA$  at  $300K$ . Given that  $v=0.7V$ , find diode current  $i$  and resistance  $R_2$  when  $R_1$  is  $1k\Omega$ . 12



Q.4 Given following network , find the current through the load resistor  $R_L$  using Star / Delta network conversion 13  
conversion



Q.5 Find  $i(t)$  in the circuit given below. Assume that the circuit has reached steady state at  $t=0$ . 25

